

Representing and enforcing policies with ODRL in decentralised systems

Wout Slabbinck
PhD Researcher at KNoWS
W3C ODRL CG Contributor
wout.slabbinck@ugent.be | <https://woutslabbinck.com>

Representing and enforcing policies with ODRL and DPV in decentralised systems

A Solid background

Representing policies with ODRL

Deterministic enforcement of policies

ODRL Enforcement in practice

Representing and enforcing policies with ODRL and DPV in decentralised systems

A Solid background

Representing policies with ODRL

Deterministic enforcement of policies

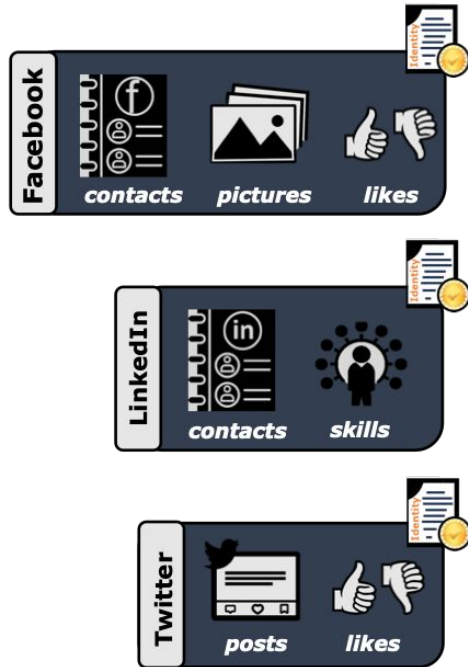
ODRL Enforcement in practice

Walled Gardens

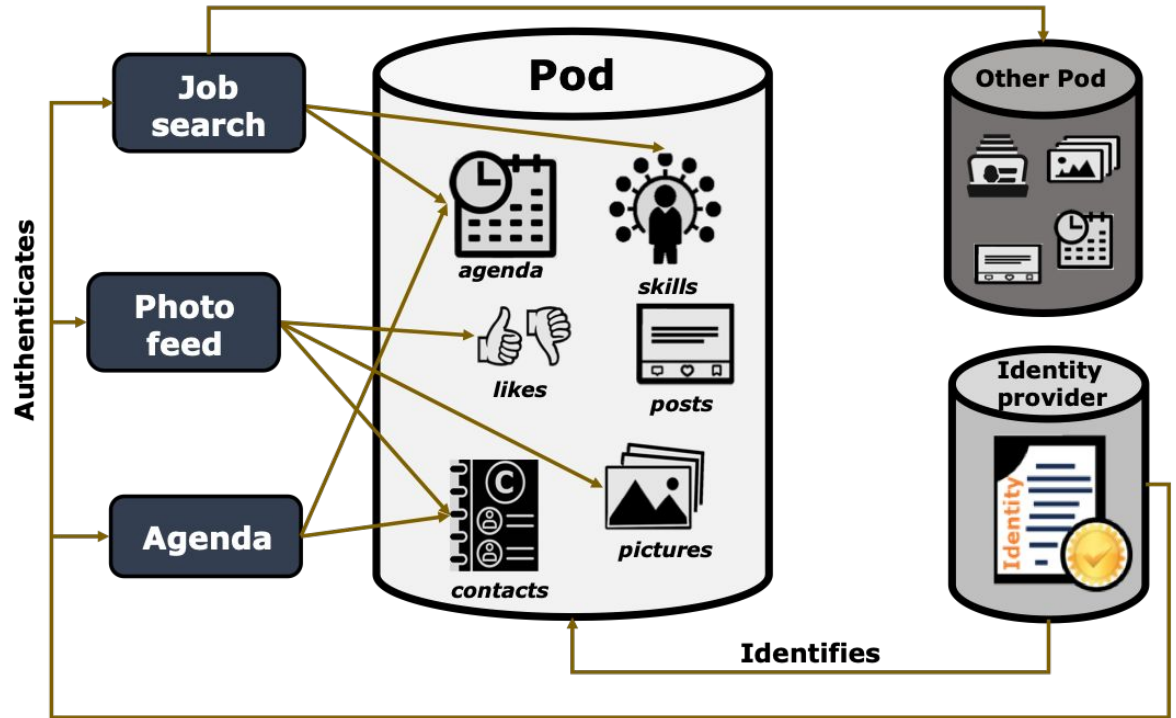


Centralisation vs Decentralisation

Centralised Web environment



Decentralised Web environment



Personal Information Management Systems

“PIMS provide features for individuals to be able to access their personal data, as well as to rectify or erase them, as provided for by the GDPR, either because the data are in repositories under their direct control or because all shared data are linked to a source, which is again in the control of the individual.”

EDPS TechDispatch #3/2020 – PIMS [1]

[1] https://www.edps.europa.eu/sites/default/files/publication/21-01-06_techdispatch-pims_en_0.pdf

Solid

Separating storage from apps

Build on existing specifications



<https://solidproject.org/>

Identity

(webID)

Authentication

(Solid-OIDC)

Authorization

(WAC or ACP)

Storage

(LDP)

Solid's Access Control

WAC – Web Access Control

```
@prefix acl: <http://www.w3.org/ns/auth/acl#>.

<#authz>
  a acl:Authorization;
  acl:agent <https://solidweb.me/besteves4/profile/card#me>;
  acl:accessTo <https://providerX.org/userY/contacts>;
  acl:mode acl:Read .
```

<https://solidproject.org/TR/wac>

ACP – Access Control Policy

```
@prefix acl: <http://www.w3.org/ns/auth/acl#>.
@prefix acp: <http://www.w3.org/ns/solid/acp#>.

<#acp> a acp:AccessGrant ;
  acp:grant acl:Read ;
  acp:context [
    acp:agent <https://solidweb.me/besteves4/profile/card#me> ;
    acp:target <https://providerX.org/userY/contacts> ;
    acp:client <https://appZ.org>
  ] .
```

<https://solid.github.io/authorization-panel/acp-specification/>

Representing and enforcing policies with ODRL and DPV in decentralised systems

A Solid background

Representing policies with ODRL

Deterministic enforcement of policies

ODRL Enforcement in practice

Representing and enforcing policies with ODRL and DPV in decentralised systems

A Solid background

Representing policies with ODRL

Deterministic enforcement of policies

ODRL Enforcement in practice

Access Control Rule

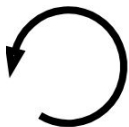
WHO can perform what ACTION on which RESOURCE



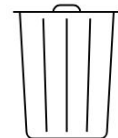
Create



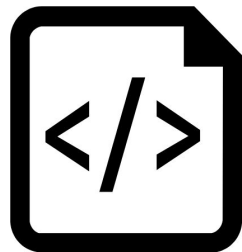
Read



Update



Delete



**ACCESS
CONTROL
RULE**

Usage Control Rule

WHO can perform what **ACTION** on which **RESOURCE** under which **CONDITIONS**



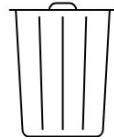
Create



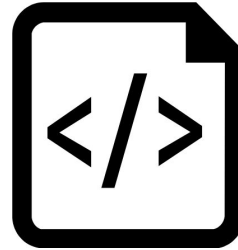
Read



Update



Delete



Time
Location
Purpose
Payment

Usage Control Policies

Definition: a set of Usage Control Rules

Usage Control Rule

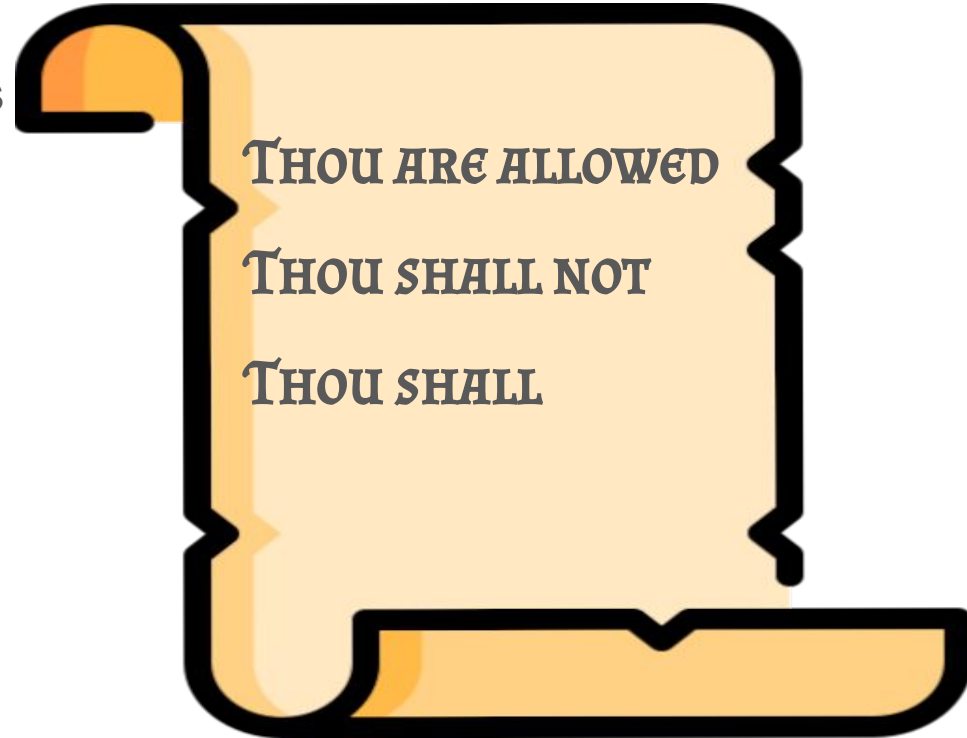
- Access Control + conditions

Usage Control Policies

Definition: a set of Usage Control Rules

Usage Control Rule

- Access Control + conditions
- **Deontic concepts**
 - Permission rules
 - Prohibition rules
 - Obligation rules



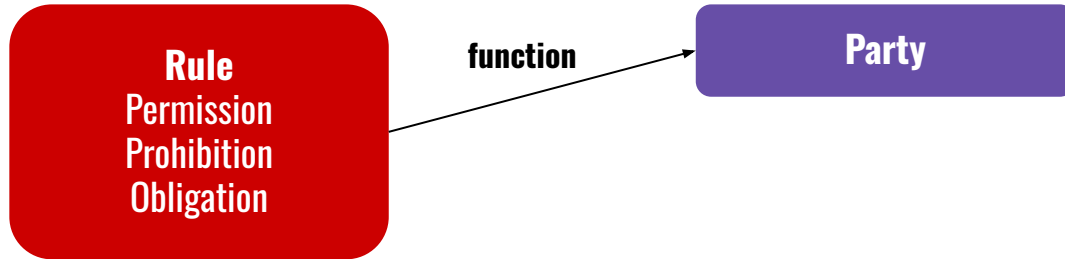
Open Digital Rights Language (ODRL)

- Standard for the expression of policies
 - ODRL Information Model – W3C Recommendation
 - ODRL Core Vocabulary – W3C Recommendation
- Maintained by the W3C ODRL Community Group
- Composed by several other specifications
 - ODRL Implementation Best Practices
 - ODRL Profile Best Practices
 - ODRL Formal Semantics [Under development]
 - ODRL Community Vocabulary [Under development]
- Easily extendable through the use of ODRL profiles

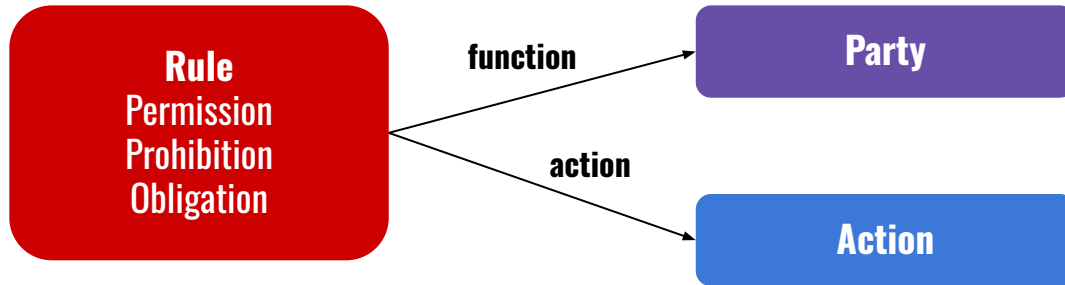
**Who [can|cannot|must] act what
in which resource how**

Rule
Permission
Prohibition
Obligation

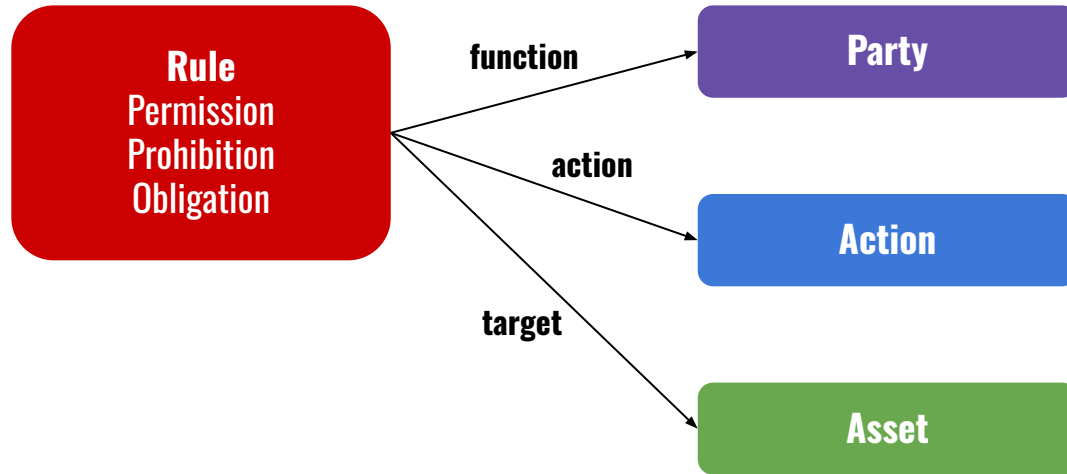
Who [can|cannot|must] act what in which resource how



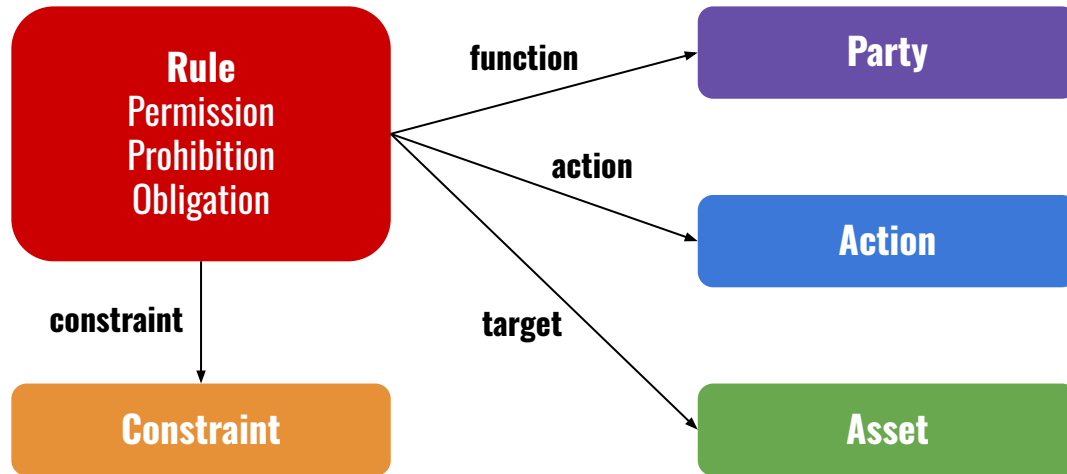
Who [can|cannot|must] act what in which resource how



Who [can|cannot|must] act what in which resource how



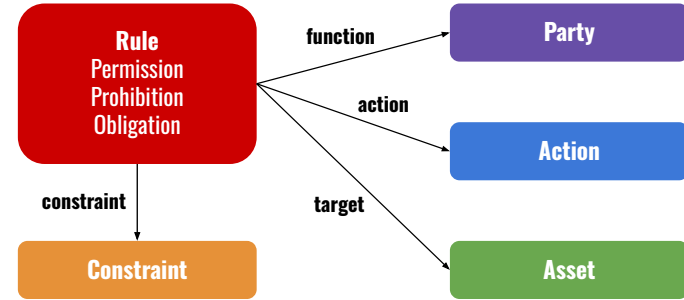
Who [can|cannot|must] act what in which resource how



Open Digital Rights Language (ODRL)

```
@prefix dcterms:      <http://purl.org/dc/terms/> .
@prefix dpv:         <https://w3id.org/dpv#> .
@prefix dpv-odrl:   <https://w3id.org/dpv/mappings/odrl#> .
@prefix ex:         <https://example.org/> .
@prefix odrl:       <http://www.w3.org/ns/odrl/2/> .

ex:read-multiple-purposes a odrl:Set ;
  odrl:uid ex:read-multiple-purposes ;
  odrl:profile dpv-odrl ;
  dcterms:description "User A allows Company B to read to its contact details."@en ;
  odrl:permission [
    odrl:action odrl:read ;
    odrl:target <https://example.org/userA/contacts> ;
    odrl:assigner ex:userA ;
    odrl:assignee faqir:companyB ;
    odrl:constraint [
      odrl:leftOperand dpv-odrl:Purpose ;
      odrl:operator odrl:isAnyOf ;
      odrl:rightOperand dpv:ServiceProvision, dpv:NonCommercialResearch ] ] .
```



Representing and enforcing policies with ODRL and DPV in decentralised systems

A Solid background

Representing policies with ODRL

Deterministic enforcement of policies

ODRL Enforcement in practice

Representing and enforcing policies with ODRL and DPV in decentralised systems

A Solid background

Representing policies with ODRL

Deterministic enforcement of policies

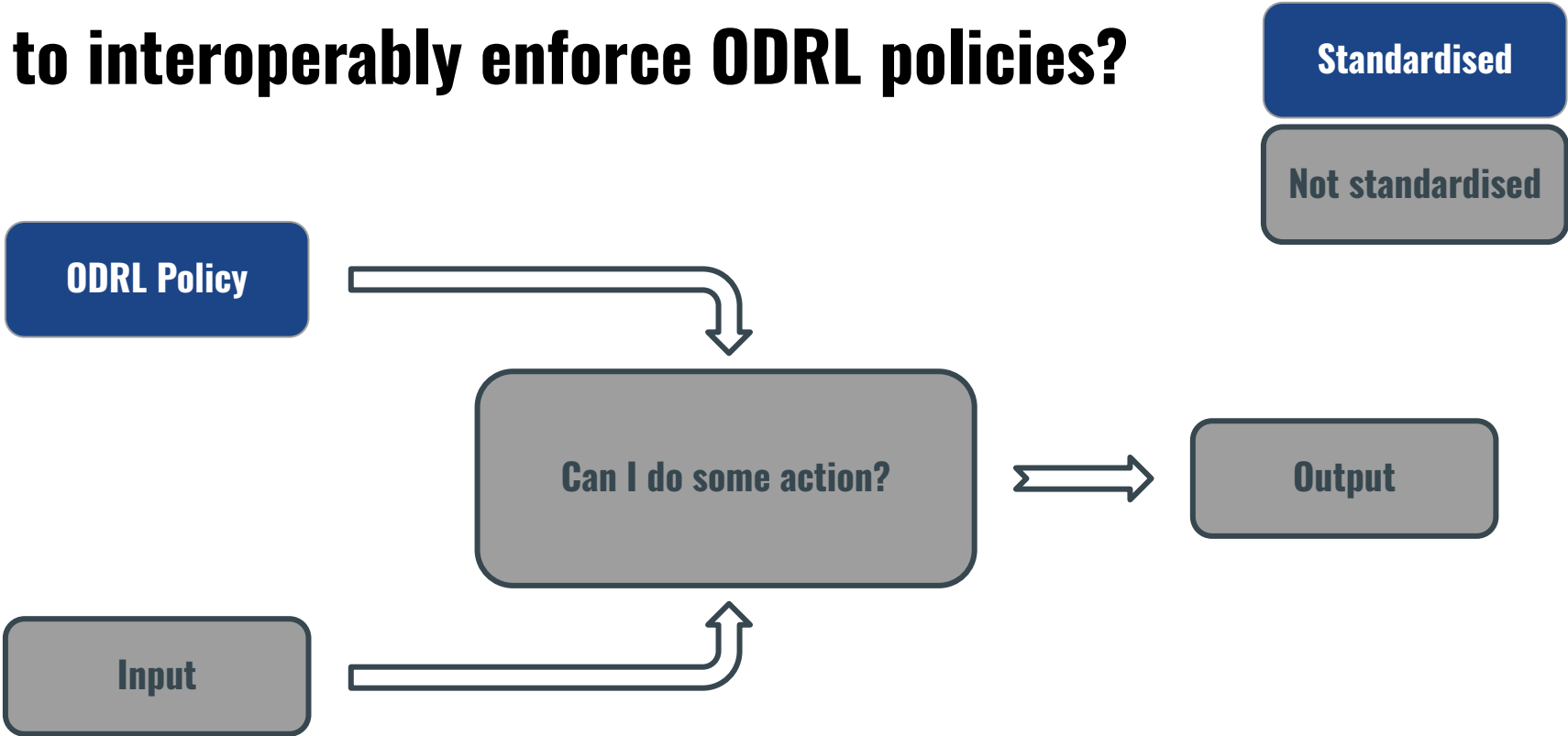
ODRL Enforcement in practice

How to interoperably enforce ODRL policies?

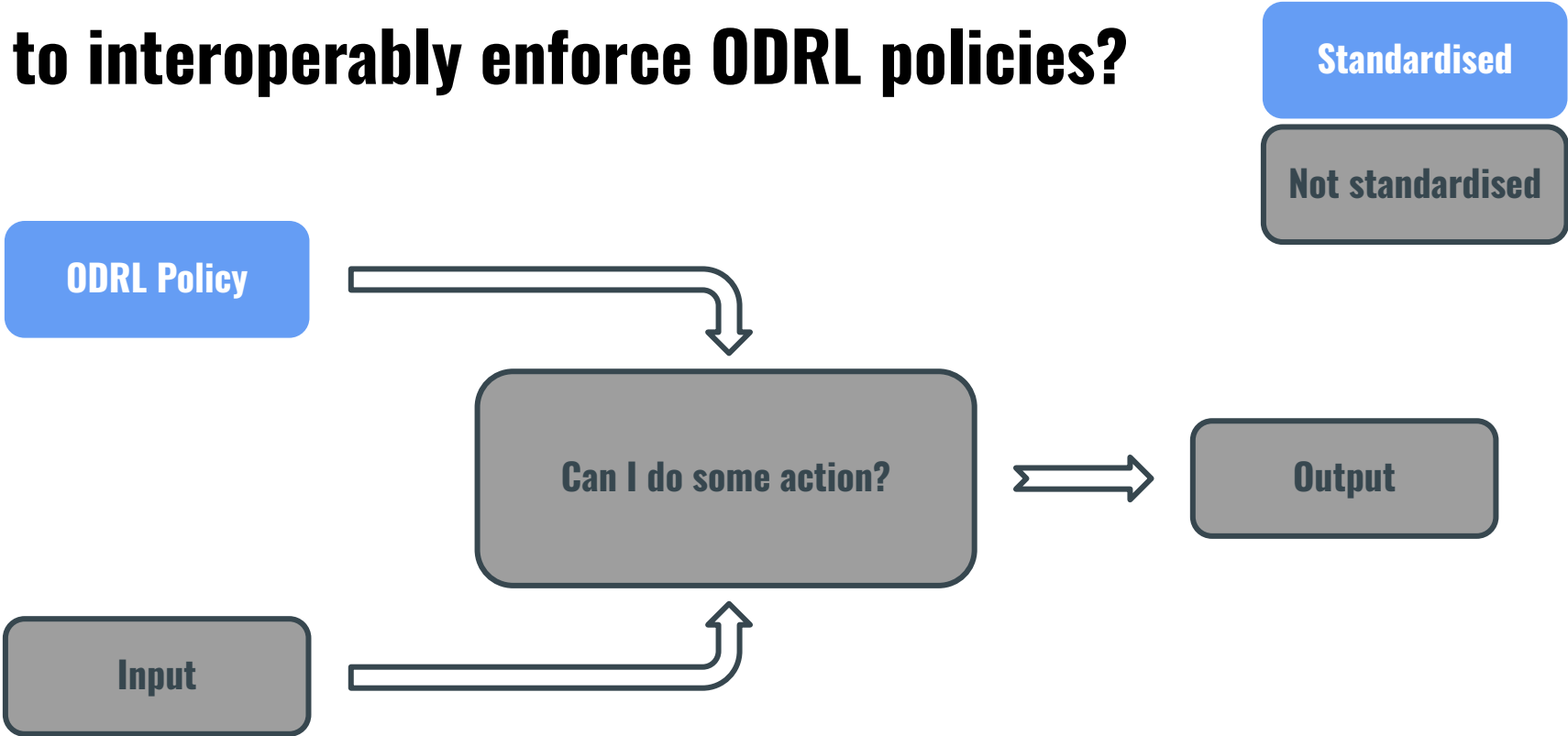
Standardised

ODRL Policy

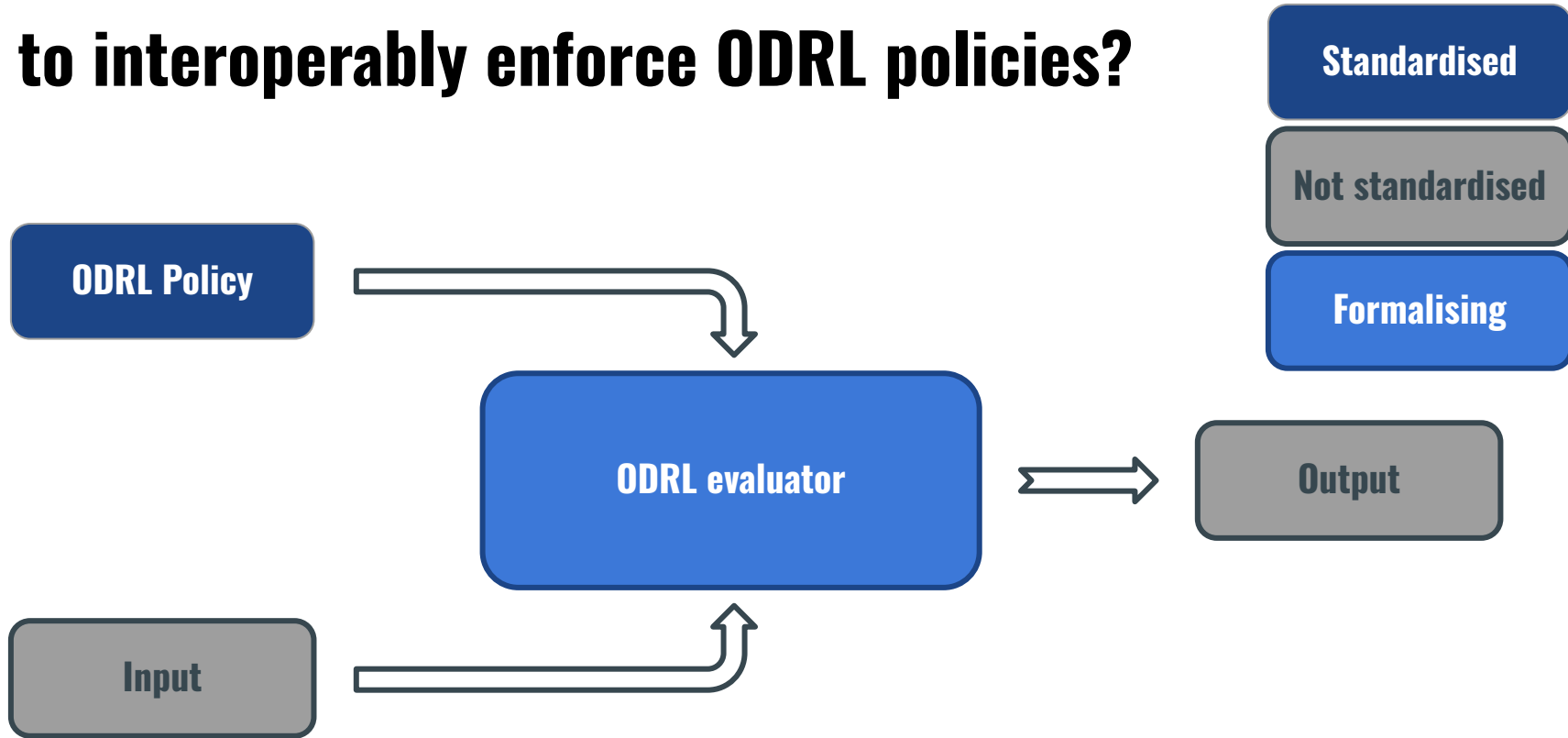
How to interoperably enforce ODRL policies?



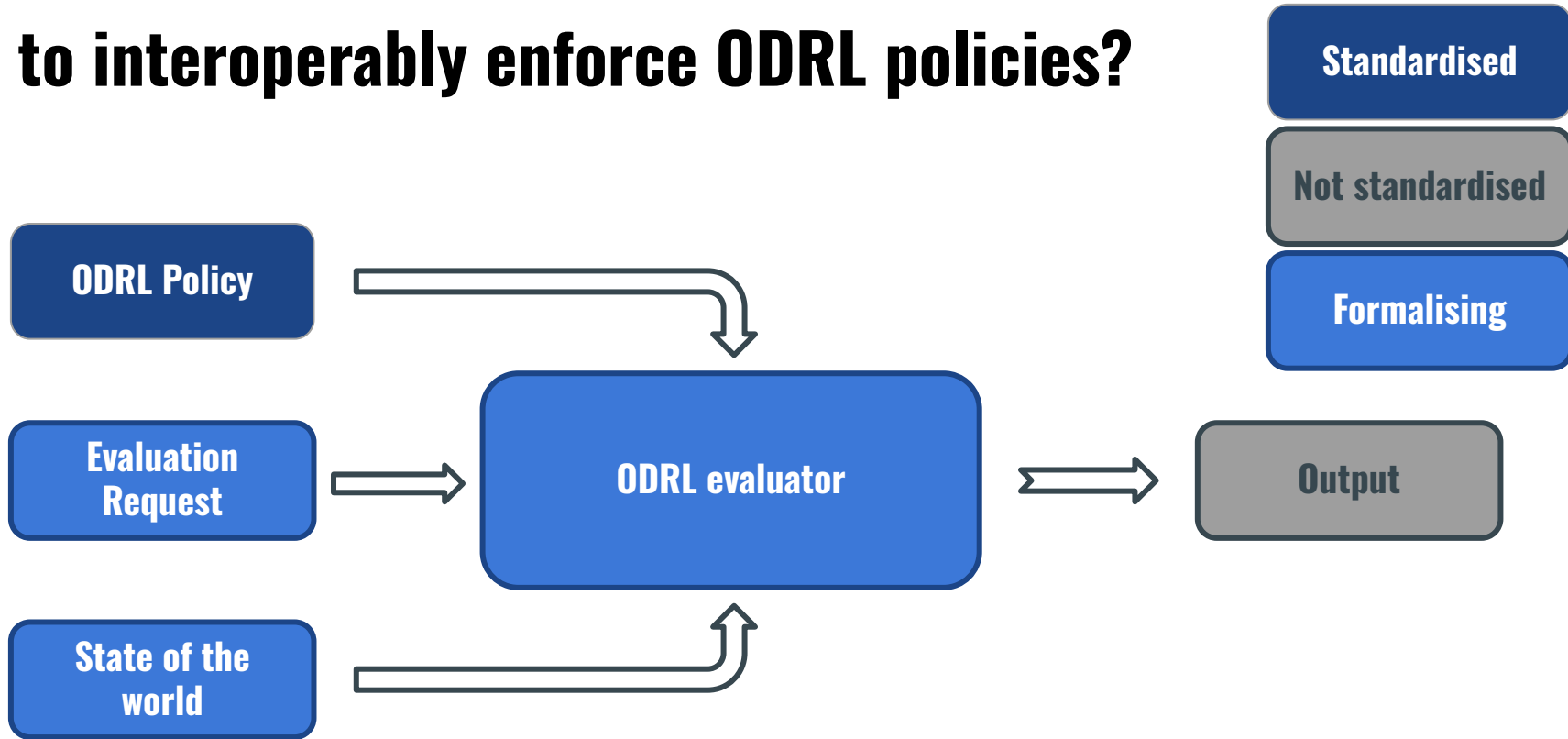
How to interoperably enforce ODRL policies?



How to interoperably enforce ODRL policies?

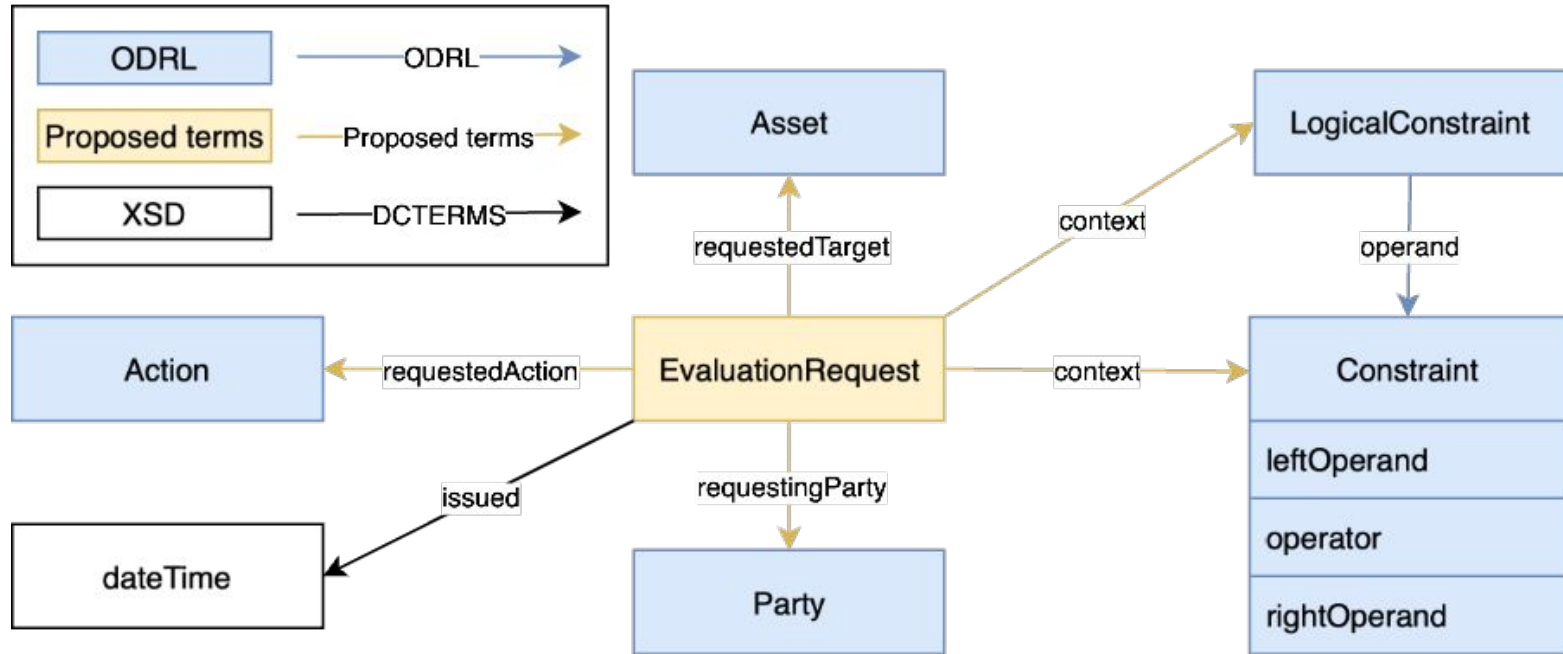


How to interoperably enforce ODRL policies?

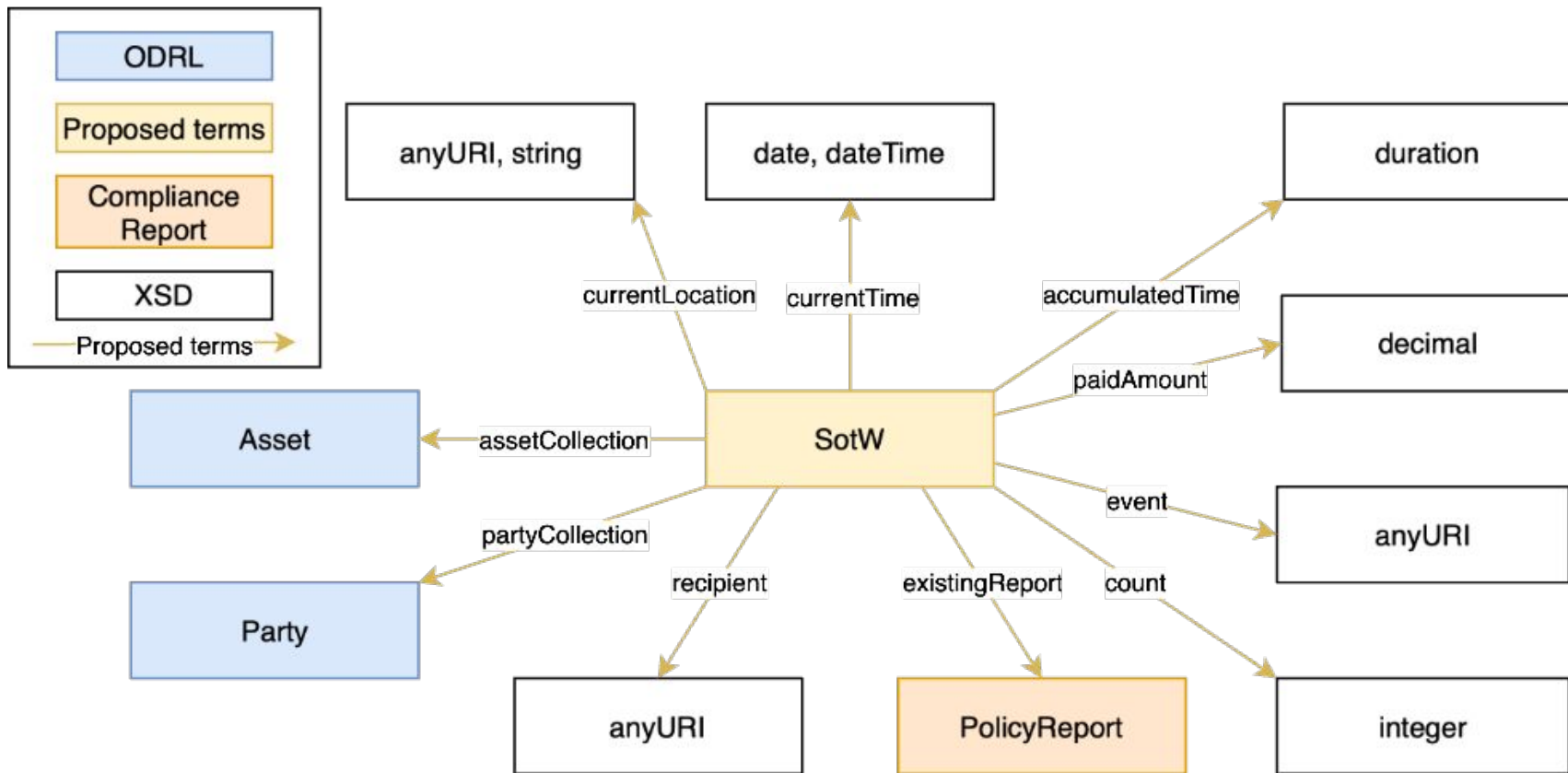


Esteves, Beatriz, Wout Slabbinck, Yassir Sellami, Andrea Cimmino, Víctor Rodríguez-Doncel, and Ruben Verborgh. 'Capturing Requests and Context for ODRL-Based Access and Usage Control'. *Joint Proceedings of the 16th Workshop on Ontology Design and Patterns and the 1st Workshop on Bridging Hybrid Intelligence and the Semantic Web (WOP-HAIBRIDGE 2025) Co-Located with the 24th International Semantic Web Conference (ISWC 2025)*, 2025. <https://ceur-ws.org/Vol-4093/paper5.pdf>.

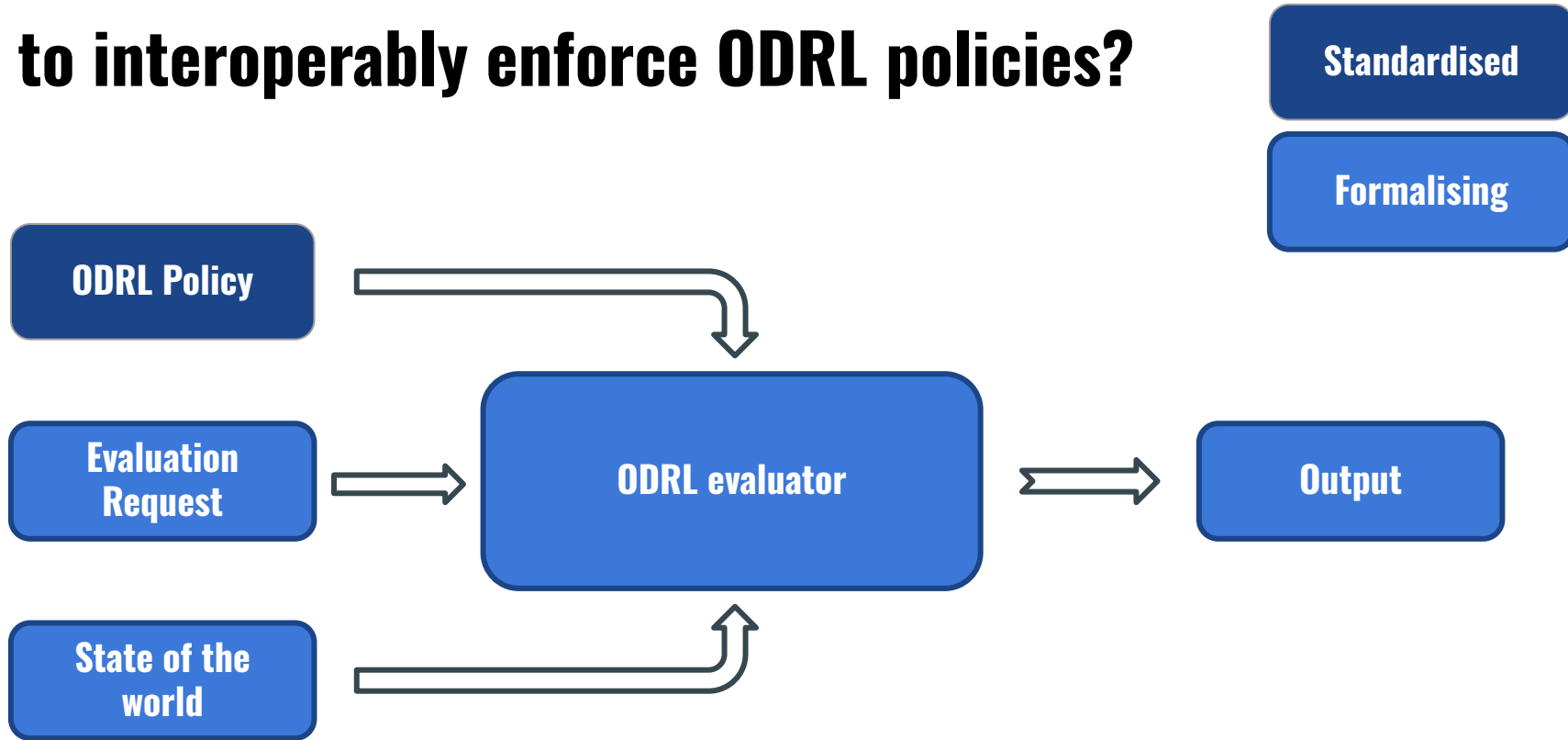
Evaluation Request



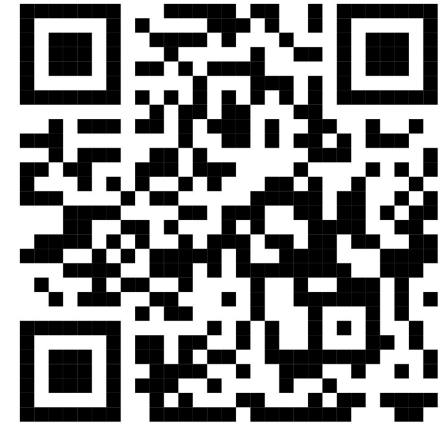
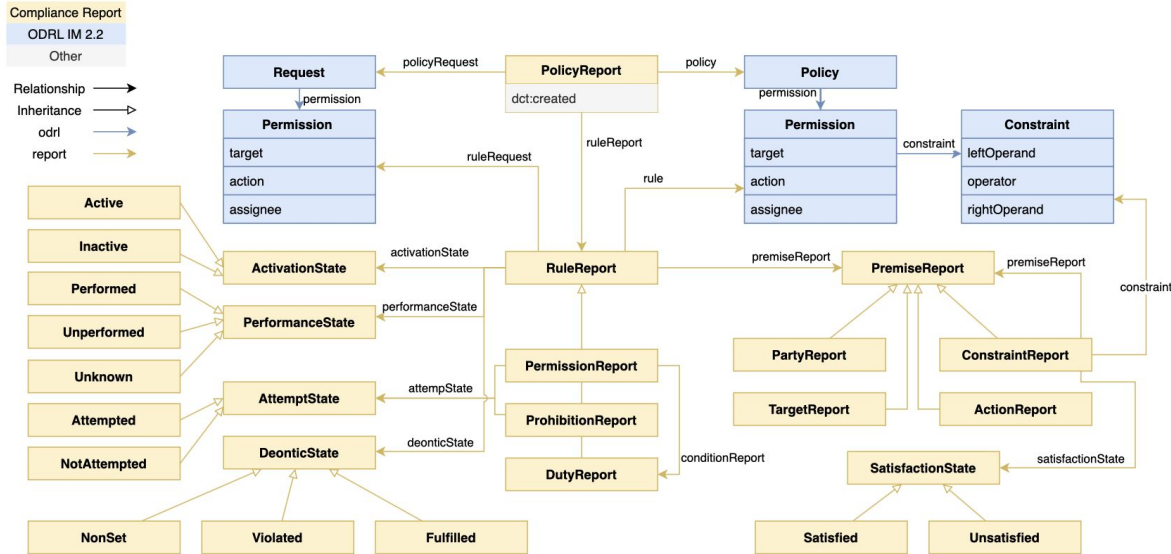
State of the world



How to interoperably enforce ODRL policies?



Interoperable Interpretation and Evaluation of ODRL Policies



ESWC 2025



Best Resource Nominee

<https://w3id.org/force/compliance-report>

Framework for ODRL Rule Compliance through Evaluation (FORCE)



Living Document, 9 July 2025

This version:

<https://w3id.org/force>

Previous Versions:

<https://spec.knows.idlab.ugent.be/force/all/608977cf506ceb4548c8a8a1b014d1b47817a68e>

Issue Tracking:

[GitHub](#)

Editors:

[Wout Slabbinck \(Ghent University - imec\)](#)

[Beatriz Esteves \(Ghent University - imec\)](#)

License:

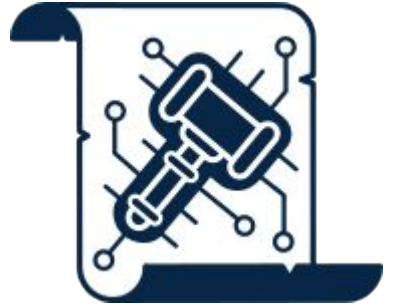
[CC-BY-SA-4.0](#)

Abstract

The Framework for ODRL Rule Compliance through Evaluation (FORCE) is designed to assist in ODRL policy development and enhance comprehension of ODRL evaluation outputs. Furthermore, it enables experimentation and prototyping of ODRL 3.0 proposals.

A Framework for ODRL Rule Compliance through Evaluation

- A set of specifications
 - Developing and Evaluating ODRL Policies
 - Navigating Related Resources
- A demonstrator
 - <https://w3id.org/force/demo>



Representing and enforcing policies with ODRL and DPV in decentralised systems

A Solid background

Representing policies with ODRL

Deterministic enforcement of policies

ODRL Enforcement in practice

Representing and enforcing policies with ODRL and DPV in decentralised systems

A Solid background

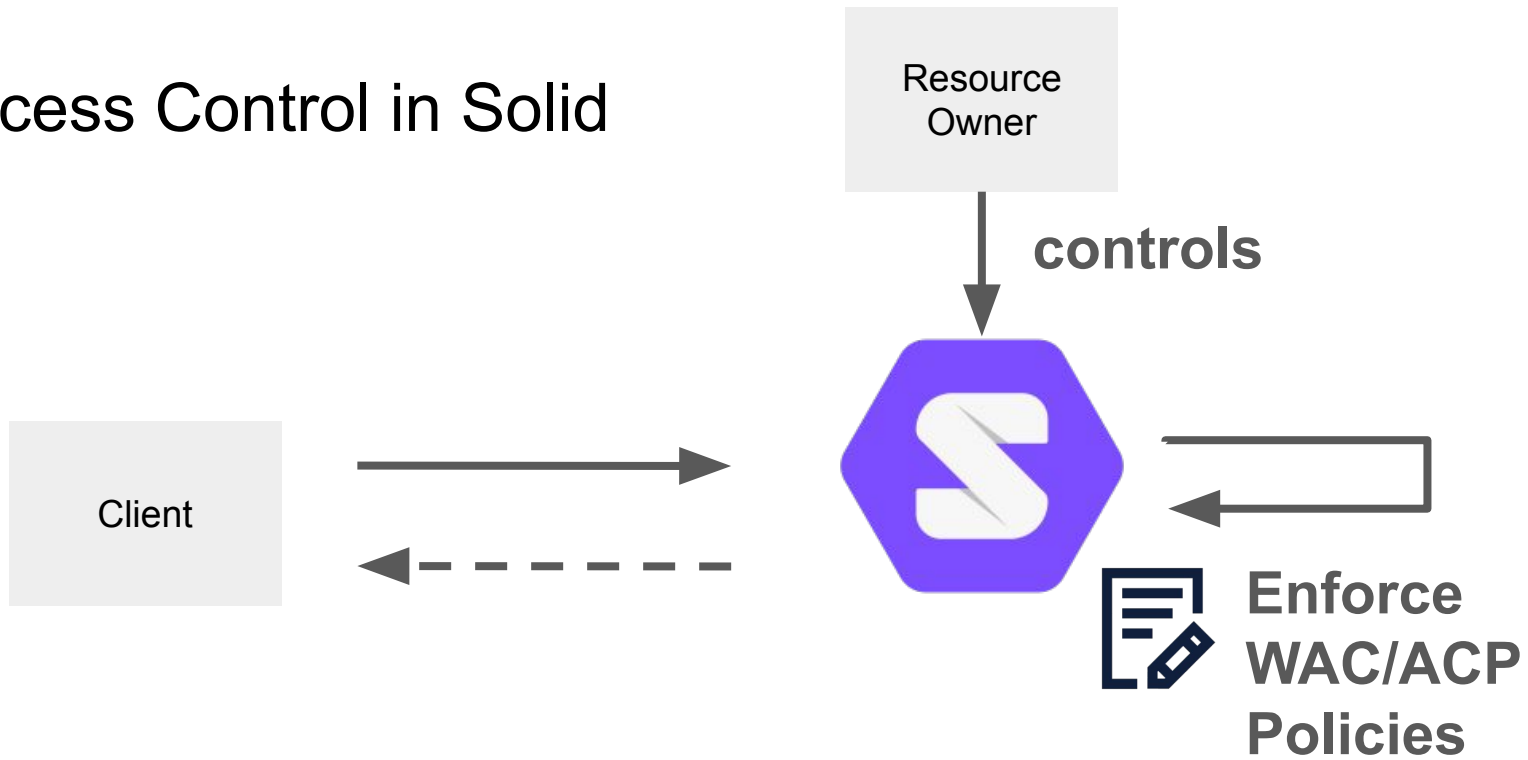
Representing policies with ODRL

Deterministic enforcement of policies

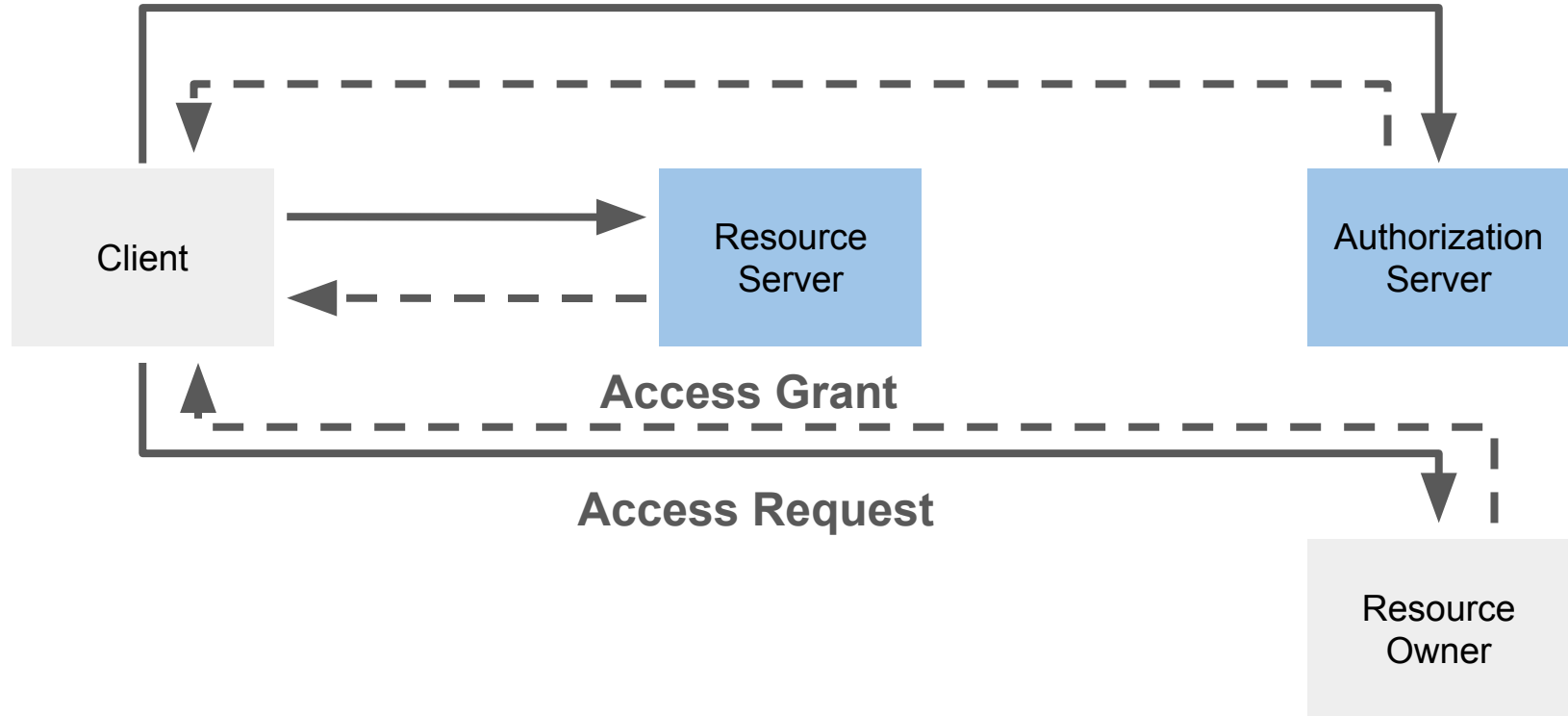
ODRL Enforcement in practice



Access Control in Solid



Oauth 2.0: Delegated Access and Separation of concerns



User-Managed Access (UMA)

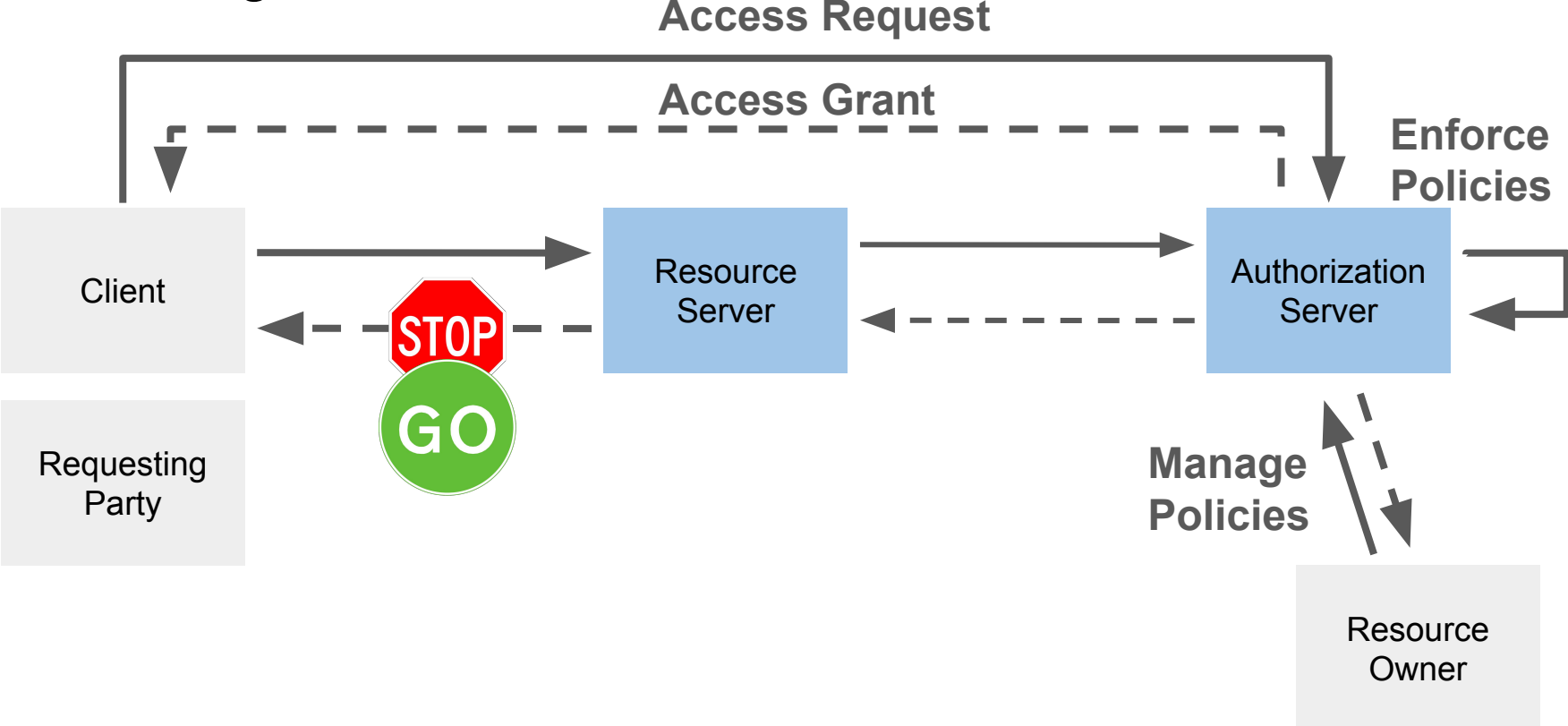
Oauth 2.0

- Delegated Access Control
 - Allow third-party apps access to protected resources (without having to share credentials)
- Separation of concerns
 - Authorization Server and Resource Server
 - Standardizes obtaining an Access Token

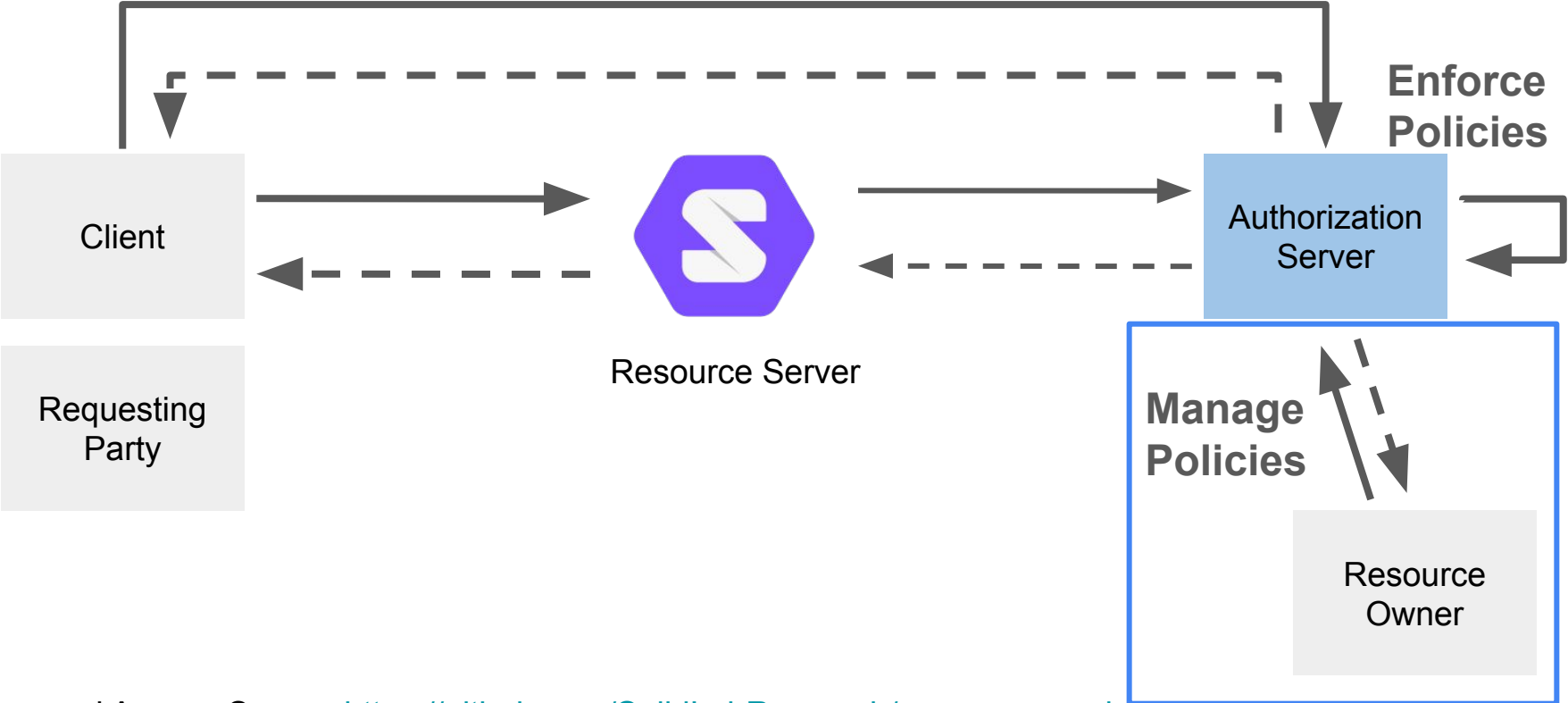
UMA is an extension of **Oauth 2.0** and introduces

- **Asynchronous** access delegation through the distinction of **Requesting Party** and **Resource Owner**

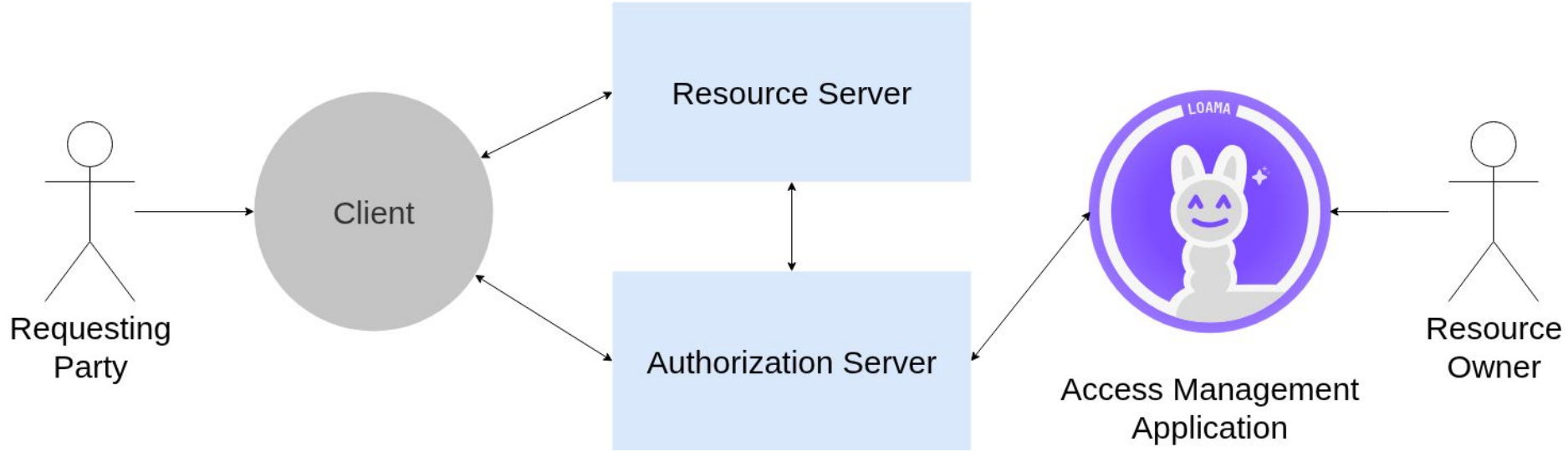
User-Managed Access



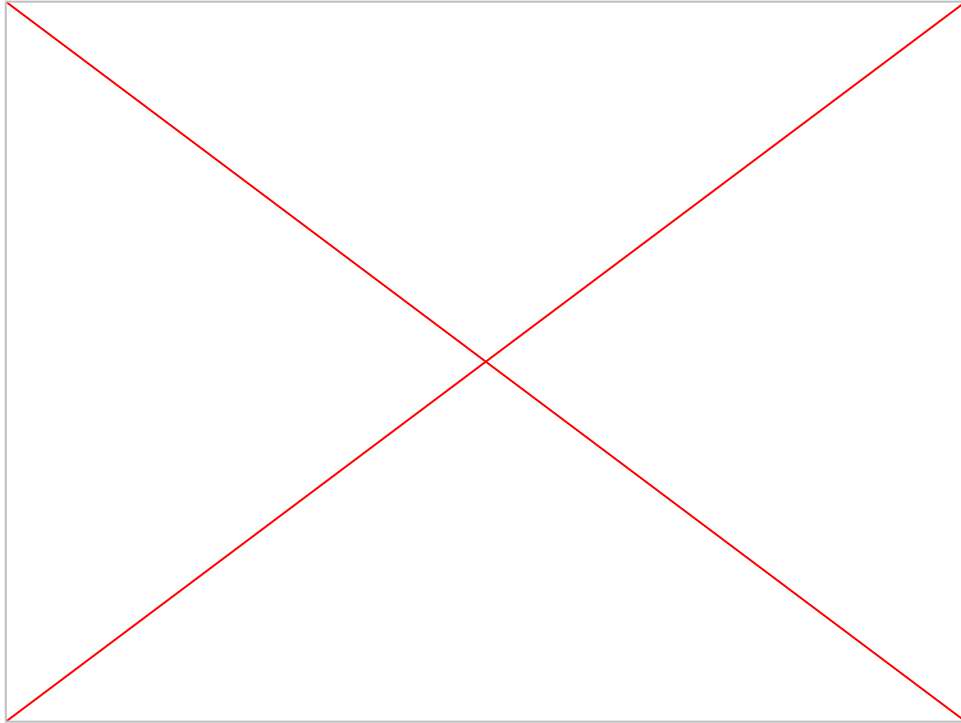
User-Managed Access and Solid



LOAMA: Low-code ODRL Access Management Application



LOAMA: Low-code ODRL Access Management Application



Demo: <https://zenodo.org/records/16640205>
Paper: <https://ceur-ws.org/Vol-4085/paper83.pdf>

The future for ODRL is bright!



ODRL 3.0 workshop



Policy management
UX survey



Trust Triggers
Monday 20 April

ODRL 3.0 workshop: <https://w3c.github.io/odrl/W3C-ODRL-Workshop-2026/>
Policy management UX survey: https://ugent.qualtrics.com/jfe/form/SV_0x4GXnijRkDfvAG
Trust Triggers Event: <https://trustflows.eu/events/2026/04/trust-triggers-1/>